



First Quarter 2020 INTERIM UNAUDITED Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes

May 4, 2020



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Unaudited (Canadian dollars in millions)	М	arch 31, 2020	December 31, 2019			
ASSETS						
Current			ĺ			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,588	\$	2,090		
Short-term investments		3,540		3,799		
Total cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments		6,128		5,889		
Restricted cash		103		157		
Accounts receivable		567		926		
Aircraft fuel inventory		93		102		
Spare parts and supplies inventory		120		110		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		267		332		
Total current assets		7,278		7,516		
Investments, deposits and other assets	·	711		936		
Property and equipment Note 4		12,872		12,834		
Pension assets		3,112		2,064		
Deferred income tax		3,112		134		
Intangible assets		1,053		1,002		
Goodwill		3,273		3,273		
Total assets	\$	28,336	\$	27,759		
	Ψ.	20,330	"	27,733		
LIABILITIES Current						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,260	\$	2,456		
Advance ticket sales	Ψ	2,614	*	2,939		
Aeroplan and other deferred revenue		511		1,162		
Current portion of long-term debt and lease liabilities Note 5		1,043		1,218		
Total current liabilities		6,428	-	7,775		
		9,650		8,024		
	-			•		
Aeroplan and other deferred revenue Pension and other benefit liabilities		3,863		3,136		
Maintenance provisions		2,547 1,275		2,930		
·		1,275		1,240		
Other long-term liabilities				181		
Deferred income tax		176 24,075	_	73		
Total liabilities	\$	24,075	\$	23,359		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Share capital		778		785		
Contributed surplus		87		83		
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(51)		25		
Retained earnings		3,447	<u> </u>	3,507		
Total shareholders' equity		4,261		4,400		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	28,336	\$	27,759		



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

		Three months ended March				
Unaudited (Canadian dollars in millions except per share figures)			2020		2019	
Operating revenues						
Passenger	Note 11	\$	3,193	\$	3,797	
Cargo	Note 11		149		177	
Other		-	380		460	
Total revenues			3,722		4,434	
Operating expenses						
Aircraft fuel			836		997	
Wages, salaries and benefits			796		799	
Regional airlines expense, excluding fuel			471		475	
Depreciation and amortization	Note 4		504		456	
Aircraft maintenance			270		245	
Airport and navigation fees			228		228	
Sales and distribution costs			183		213	
Ground package costs			234		294	
Catering and onboard services			97		103	
Communications and information technology			135		101	
Other			401		396	
Total operating expenses			4,155		4,307	
Operating income (loss)			(433)		127	
Non-operating income (expense)						
Foreign exchange gain (loss)			(711)		263	
Interest income			42		38	
Interest expense	Note 5		(129)		(133)	
Interest capitalized			8		8	
Net financing expense relating to employee benefits			(11)		(10)	
Gain (loss) on financial instruments recorded at fair value	Note 10		(34)		8	
Other			(8)		(16)	
Total non-operating income (expense)	•		(843)		158	
Income (loss) before income taxes			(1,276)		285	
Income tax recovery	Note 6		227		60	
Net income (loss) for the period		\$	(1,049)	\$	345	
Net income (loss) per share	Note 8					
Basic earnings (loss) per share		\$	(4.00)	\$	1.27	
Diluted earnings (loss) per share		\$	(4.00)	\$	1.26	



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

		Thre	Three months ended March 31					
Unaudited (Canadian dollars in millions)			2020	2019				
Comprehensive income (loss)	•							
Net income (loss) for the period		\$	(1,049)	\$	345			
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax expense:								
Items that will not be reclassified to net income								
Remeasurements on employee benefit liabilities	Note 6		1,108		(296)			
Remeasurements on equity investments	Note 6		(76)		11			
Total comprehensive income (loss)		\$	(17)	\$	60			

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Unaudited (Canadian dollars in millions)	Share apital	ributed irplus	Acc	umulated OCI	Retained earnings	Total reholders' equity
January 1, 2019	\$ 798	\$ 75	\$	-	\$ 2,404	\$ 3,277
Net income (loss)	-	-		-	345	345
Remeasurements on employee benefit liabilities	_	_		_	(296)	(296)
Remeasurements on equity investments	_	_		11	_	11
Total comprehensive income (loss)	-	-		11	49	60
Share-based compensation	-	2		-	-	2
Shares issued	1	-		_	_	1
Shares purchased and cancelled under issuer bid	(5)	-		_	(46)	(51)
March 31, 2019	\$ 794	\$ 77	\$	11	\$ 2,407	\$ 3,289
January 1, 2020	\$ 785	\$ 83	\$	25	\$ 3,507	\$ 4,400
Net income (loss)	-	-		_	(1,049)	(1,049)
Remeasurements on employee benefit liabilities	_	_		_	1,108	1,108
Remeasurements on equity investments	-	-		(76)	_	(76)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	_	_		(76)	59	(17)
Share-based compensation	-	4		-	-	4
Shares issued	1	-		-	-	1
Shares purchased and cancelled under issuer bid	(8)			_	(119)	(127)
March 31, 2020	\$ 778	\$ 87	\$	(51)	\$ 3,447	\$ 4,261



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW

		Thr	ee months (ende	d March 31
Unaudited (Canadian dollars in millions)			2020		2019
Cash flows from (used for)					
Operating					
Net income (loss) for the period		\$	(1,049)	\$	345
Adjustments to reconcile to net cash from operations					
Deferred income tax			(196)	ļ	(74)
Depreciation and amortization			504		456
Foreign exchange (gain) loss			737		(241)
Card agreement proceeds	Note 12		-		1,212
Aeroplan Miles prepayment proceeds	Note 12		-		400
Employee benefit funding less than expense			74		61
Financial instruments recorded at fair value	Note 10		34		(22)
Change in maintenance provisions			53		43
Changes in non-cash working capital balances			(98)		938
Other			(79)		(7)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities			(20)		3,111
Financing					
Proceeds from borrowings	Note 5		1,027		-
Reduction of long-term debt and lease obligations			(509)		(252)
Shares purchased for cancellation	Note 7		(132)		(51)
Issue of shares			1		1
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities		,	387		(302)
Investing					
Investments, short-term and long-term			408		(380)
Additions to property, equipment and intangible assets			(373)	İ	(920)
Proceeds from sale of assets			2		2
Acquisition of Aeroplan	Note 12	1	-		(497)
Investment in Chorus	Note 13	1	-		(97)
Other		1	31		36
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities			68		(1,856)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		T	63		(1)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	,		498		952
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period			2,090		630
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		\$	2,588	\$	1,582
Cash payments of interest	Note 5	\$	110	\$	122

Cash payments of interest	Note 5	\$ 110	\$ 122
Cash payments of income taxes	•	\$ 91	\$ 7



Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) (Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated)

GENERAL INFORMATION

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements (the "financial statements") are of Air Canada (the "Corporation"). The term "Corporation" also refers to, as the context may require, Air Canada and/or one or more of its subsidiaries, including its principal wholly-owned operating subsidiaries, Touram Limited Partnership doing business under the brand name Air Canada Vacations® ("Air Canada Vacations") Air Canada Rouge LP doing business under the brand name Air Canada Rouge® ("Air Canada Rouge"), and Aeroplan Inc. ("Aeroplan").

Air Canada is incorporated and domiciled in Canada. The address of its registered office is 7373 Côte-Vertu Boulevard West, Saint-Laurent, Quebec.

Air Canada, along with the rest of the global airline industry, is facing a severe and abrupt drop in traffic and a corresponding decline in revenue as a result of the coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic and the travel restrictions imposed in many countries around the world, including Canada and the United States. The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic began to be felt in traffic and sales figures commencing in early March 2020. These impacts include drastic declines in earnings and cash from operations. There is very limited visibility on travel demand given government restrictions in place; these restrictions and concerns about travel due to the COVID-19 virus and passenger expectations about the need for certain precautions such as physical distancing are severely inhibiting demand. Air Canada cannot predict the full impact or the timing for when conditions improve. Air Canada is actively monitoring the situation and will respond as the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic evolves, which will depend on a number of factors including the course of the virus, government actions, and passenger reaction, none of which can be predicted with any degree of certainty. Refer to Note 10 for information on financing activities and other actions taken in response to the COVID-19 crisis. Refer to Note 3 for considerations related to critical accounting estimates and judgments updated to reflect the currently known impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

The Corporation has historically experienced greater demand for its services in the second and third quarters of the calendar year and lower demand in the first and fourth quarters of the calendar year. This demand pattern was principally a result of the high number of leisure travelers and their preference for travel during the spring and summer months. However, given the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, it is expected that the normal seasonal demand pattern will not occur in 2020, with demand being considerably depressed; certain revenues, expenses, and balance sheet items tied directly to sales and operating activities will be considerably impacted by the drop in traffic. Air Canada has reduced second quarter 2020 capacity significantly when compared to 2019's second quarter, and given the lack of visibility of expected demand, capacity for the summer period cannot yet be established with any sufficient degree of confidence. The airline continues to dynamically adjust capacity as required. The Corporation has substantial fixed costs in its cost structure that do not meaningfully fluctuate with passenger demand in the short term.



BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Corporation prepares its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Canada ("GAAP") as set out in the CPA Canada Handbook – Accounting ("CPA Handbook") which incorporates International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". In accordance with GAAP, these financial statements do not include all the financial statement disclosures required for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Corporation's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019. In management's opinion, the financial statements reflect all adjustments that are necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim period presented.

These financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors of the Corporation on May 3, 2020.

These financial statements are based on the accounting policies consistent with those disclosed in Note 2 to the 2019 annual consolidated financial statements.

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the financial statement presentation adopted for the current year. Aircraft fuel expense related to regional airline operations is now presented within Aircraft fuel on the consolidated statement of operations. Previously included in Regional airlines expense, this reclassification provides improved presentation of the total cost of fuel associated with the Corporation's operations.



CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The significant estimates and judgments made are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Refer to Note 3 to the 2019 annual consolidated financial statements which is updated as described below to reflect the currently known impact of the COVID-19 pandemic which continues to fluidly evolve.

Goodwill

An assessment of goodwill was performed based on triggering events at period end. The assessment resulted in a carrying value greater than the market capitalization prior to considering the impact of any control premium. The minimum control premium required for the recoverable amount to equal the carrying value was 7.6% and is within management's estimate of a reasonable control premium; accordingly, no impairment charge was recorded.

Impairment considerations on long-lived assets

An assessment of the recoverable amount of the Corporation's cash-generating units ("CGUs") compared to their carrying values was performed based on updated cash flow projections in light of the current COVID-19 pandemic. The cash flows are management's best projections based on current and anticipated market conditions covering a five-year period. However, these projections are inherently uncertain due to the recent and fluidly evolving impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. It is possible that long-term underperformance to these projections could occur if passenger demand drops and travel restrictions continue to prevail with duration and impact greater than currently anticipated. Reasonably possible changes in projections have been considered in this evaluation but do not indicate that the carrying amounts exceed recoverable amounts.

The COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on the economy is constantly evolving in an unpredictable manner and presents many variables and contingencies for modeling. In future periods, the effects of the pandemic may have material impacts on the Corporation's anticipated revenue levels and the recoverable amount of the CGUs.



4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	March 31, 2020						December 31, 2019																									
(Canadian dollars in millions)	C	Cost		umulated preciation	Net book value																							Cost		cumulated preciation		et book value
Owned tangible assets																																
Aircraft and flight equipment	\$	13,215	\$	4,843	\$	8,372	\$	12,920	\$	4,616	\$	8,304																				
Buildings and leasehold improvements	ı	1,014		514		500		923		501		422																				
Ground and other equipment		647		404		243		640		395		245																				
Purchase deposits and assets under development	ı	887		-		887		1,041		-		1,041																				
Owned tangible assets	\$:	15,763	\$	5,761	\$	10,002	₩	15,524	\$	5,512	\$	10,012																				
Air Canada aircraft	\$	5,222	\$	3,409	\$	1,813	\$	5,055	\$	3,282	\$	1,773																				
Regional aircraft		1,884		1,169		715		1,893		1,135		758																				
Land and buildings		506		164		342		447		156		291																				
Right-of-use assets	\$	7,612	\$	4,742	\$	2,870	\$	7,395	\$	4,573	\$	2,822																				
Property and equipment	\$:	23,375	\$	10,503	\$	12,872	\$	22,919	\$	10,085	\$	12,834																				

Additions to owned aircraft in the first quarter of 2020 include three new Airbus A220 aircraft.

Depreciation and amortization recorded in the consolidated statement of operations is detailed as follows.

	Three months ended March 31						
(Canadian dollars in millions)		2020		2019			
Aircraft and flight equipment	\$ 240		\$	224			
Buildings and leasehold improvements		13		11			
Ground and other equipment		11		9			
Owned tangible assets	•	264		244			
Air Canada aircraft	•	144		122			
Regional aircraft		46		45			
Land and buildings		8		6			
Right-of-use assets		198		173			
Property and equipment		462		417			
Spare parts and supplies inventory	·	17		21			
Intangible assets		25		18			
Depreciation and amortization	\$	504	\$	456			



LONG-TERM DEBT AND LEASE LIABILITIES

	Final Maturity	Weighted Average Interest Rate (%)	March 31, 2020 (Canadian dollars in millions)	December 31, 2019 (Canadian dollars in millions)
Aircraft financing				
Fixed rate U.S. dollar financing	2021 – 2030	3.75	\$ 3,140	\$ 3,200
Floating rate U.S. dollar financing	2026 – 2027	3.29	573	544
Fixed rate CDN dollar financing	2026 - 2030	3.78	259	259
Floating rate CDN dollar financing	2026 - 2027	2.53	255	264
Fixed rate Japanese yen financing	2027	1.84	154	141
Floating rate Japanese yen financing	2027	3.08	7	8
Senior secured notes – CDN dollar	2023	4.75	200	200
Senior unsecured notes – U.S. dollar	2021	7.75	562	520
Other secured financing – U.S. dollar	2023	2.52	1,644	737
Other secured financing – CDN dollar	2022	3.61	199	_
Long-term debt		3.68	6,993	5,873
Lease liabilities				
Air Canada aircraft	2020 - 2029	6.02	2,147	1,924
Regional aircraft	2020 - 2035	7.04	1,200	1,149
Land and buildings	2020 - 2078	5.28	440	386
Lease liabilities		6.26	3,787	3,459
Total debt and lease liabilities		4.59	10,780	9,332
Unamortized debt issuance costs			(87)	(90)
Current portion – Long-term debt			(375)	(587)
Current portion – Air Canada aircraft			(442)	(418)
Current portion – Regional aircraft			(198)	(185)
Current portion – Land and buildings			(28)	(28)
Long-term debt and lease liabilities			\$ 9,650	\$ 8,024

The above table provides terms of instruments disclosed in Note 10 to the 2019 annual consolidated financial statements of the Corporation.

In March 2020, Air Canada drew down in full on its US\$600 million revolving credit facility and its Canadian \$200 million revolving credit facility (interest rate of 175 basis points over LIBOR and Bankers Acceptances plus 2%, respectively). The facilities are described further in Note 10b of the 2019 annual consolidated financial statements. These debt balances are included in Other secured financing in the table above.

Refer to Note 10 for information on financing completed in April 2020.



The Corporation has recorded Interest expense as follows:

	Three months ended March 31						
(Canadian dollars in millions)	2020 2019		2019				
Interest on debt	\$	74	\$	72			
Interest on lease liabilities							
Air Canada aircraft		30		34			
Regional aircraft		20		22			
Land and buildings		5		5			
Interest expense	\$	129	\$	133			

The consolidated statement of operations includes the following amounts related to leases which have not been recorded as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities.

	Thre	e months	ended	nded March 31			
(Canadian dollars in millions)		2020		2019			
Expense related to leases (included in Other operating expenses)							
Short-term leases	\$	20	\$	11			
Variable lease payments not included in lease liabilities		7		7			
	\$	27	\$	18			

Total cash outflows for payments on lease liabilities was \$213 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020 (\$210 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019), of which \$158 million was for principal repayments (\$149 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019).



Maturity Analysis

Principal and interest repayment requirements as at March 31, 2020 on Long-term debt and lease liabilities are as follows. U.S. dollar amounts are converted using the March 31, 2020 closing rate of CDN\$1.4062.

Principal (Canadian dollars in millions)	Remainder of 2020	2	021	2022	2023	2	2024	Thereafter		Total
Long-term debt obligations	\$ 276	\$	1,028	\$ 549	\$ 2,330	\$	311	\$	2,499	\$ 6,993
Air Canada aircraft	346		344	268	259		247		683	2,147
Regional aircraft	157		181	176	178		148		360	1,200
Land and buildings	22		24	24	22		22		326	440
Lease liabilities	\$ 525	\$	549	\$ 468	\$ 459	\$	417	\$	1,369	\$ 3,787
Total long-term debt and lease liabilities	\$ 801	\$	1,577	\$ 1,017	\$ 2,789	\$	728	\$	3,868	\$ 10,780

Interest (Canadian dollars in millions)	Remainde of 2020	r	20	021	2022		2023	:	2024	The	reafter	Total
Long-term debt obligations	\$ 19	8	\$	218	\$ 181	4	\$ 146	\$	92	\$	252	\$ 1,087
Air Canada aircraft	8	84		86	67		53		40		57	387
Regional aircraft	5	8		64	52		39		27		77	317
Land and buildings	1	.7		21	20		19		17		223	317
Lease liabilities	\$ 15	59	\$	171	\$ 139	9	\$ 111	\$	84	\$	357	\$ 1,021
Total long-term debt and lease liabilities	\$ 35	7	\$	389	\$ \$ 320	9	\$ 257	\$	176	\$	609	\$ 2,108

The Corporation is committed to additional aircraft and property leases which have yet to commence. The total commitment is approximately \$53 million based on estimates regarding timing of deliveries and rent. The aircraft lease terms are 8 years and the properties are 20-year leases.



Cash flows from financing activities

Information on the change in liabilities for which cash flows have been classified as financing activities in the statement of cash flows is presented below.

		Cash Flows							N					
(Canadian dollars in millions)	c. 31, 019			Borrowings Repay		Financing fees		Foreign exchange adjustments		Amortization of financing fees and other adjustments		New lease liabilities (new and renewed contracts)		ar. 31, 2020
Long-term debt	\$ 5,873	\$	1,027	\$	(351)	\$	1	\$	440	\$	4	\$	-	\$ 6,993
Air Canada aircraft Regional aircraft Land and buildings	1,924 1,149 386		-		(110) (41) (7)				158 92 2		-		175 - 59	2,147 1,200 440
Lease liabilities	3,459		-		(158)		-		252				234	3,787
Unamortized debt issuance costs	(90)		-				-		1		3		-	(87)
Total liabilities from financing activities	\$ 9,242	\$	1,027	\$	(509)	\$	-	\$	692	\$	7	\$	234	\$ 10,693



6. INCOME TAXES

Income Tax Expense

Income tax recorded in the consolidated statement of operations is presented below.

	Three months ended March 31					
(Canadian dollars in millions)		2020	2019			
Current income tax recovery (expense)	\$	31	\$	(14)		
Deferred income tax		196		74		
Income tax recovery	\$	227	₩	60		

The Corporation's effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2020 was 17.7% (21.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2019). The income tax recovery position in the first quarter of 2019 arose as a result of a permanent item in connection with the Aeroplan acquisition discussed in Note 12.

Income tax recorded in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income is presented below.

	Three months ended March 31				
(Canadian dollars in millions)		2020		2019	
Remeasurements on employee benefit liabilities – deferred income tax	\$	(400)	\$	107	
Remeasurements on equity investments – deferred income tax		4		(4)	
Income tax (expense) recovery	\$	(396)	\$	103	



7. SHARE CAPITAL

Issuer Bid

In May 2019, Air Canada received approval from the Toronto Stock Exchange for the renewal of its normal course issuer bid for its Class A variable voting shares and Class B voting shares (collectively the "shares"), authorizing, between May 31, 2019 and May 30, 2020, the purchase of up to 24,130,551 shares, representing 10% of Air Canada's public float as at May 17, 2019. The renewal followed the conclusion of the 2018 normal course issuer bid which expired on May 30, 2019.

In the first quarter of 2020, the Corporation purchased, for cancellation, a total of 2,910,800 shares at an average cost of \$43.76 per share for aggregate consideration of \$127 million. The excess of the cost over the average book value of \$119 million was charged to Retained earnings. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, purchases under the share repurchase program were suspended in March 2020.

In the first quarter of 2019, the Corporation purchased, for cancellation, a total of 1,544,487 shares at an average cost of \$33.09 per share for aggregate consideration of \$51 million. The excess of the cost over the average book value of \$46 million was charged to Retained earnings.



8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table outlines the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share.

	Three months ended March 31					
(Canadian dollars in millions, except per share amounts)		2020	2019			
Numerator:						
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share:						
Net income (loss) for the period	\$	(1,049)	\$	345		
Denominator:						
Weighted-average shares		263		271		
Effect of potential dilutive securities:						
Stock options		2		3		
Total potential dilutive securities		2		3		
Remove anti-dilutive impact		(2)		-		
Adjusted denominator for diluted earnings (loss) per share		263		274		
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$	(4.00)	\$	1.27		
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	(4.00)	\$	1.26		

The calculation of earnings per share is based on whole numbers and not on rounded millions. As a result, the above amounts may not be recalculated to the per share amount disclosed above.

Excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share were outstanding options where the options' exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the shares for the period.



9. COMMITMENTS

Capital Commitments

Capital commitments consist of the future firm aircraft deliveries and commitments related to acquisition of other property and equipment. The estimated aggregate cost of aircraft is based on delivery prices that include estimated escalation and, where applicable, deferred price delivery payment interest calculated based on the 90-day U.S. LIBOR rate at March 31, 2020. U.S. dollar amounts are converted using the March 31, 2020 closing rate of CDN\$1.4062. Minimum future commitments under these contractual arrangements are shown below.

(Canadian dollars in millions)	Remainder of 2020		:	2021		2022		2023	2024	Thereafter	Total	
Capital commitments	\$	1,085	\$	2,030	\$	1,023	\$	196	\$ -	\$ -	\$	4,334



10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Refer also to Note 18 to the 2019 annual consolidated financial statements for information on the Corporation's risk management strategy.

Summary of gain (loss) on financial instruments recorded at fair value

	Three months ended March 31					
(Canadian dollars in millions)		2020	2019			
Share forward contracts	\$	(34)	\$	8		
Gain (loss) on financial instruments recorded at fair value	\$	(34)	\$	8		

Liquidity Risk Management

The Corporation manages its liquidity needs through a variety of strategies including by seeking to sustain and improve cash from operations, sourcing committed financing for new and existing aircraft, and through other financing activities.

Liquidity needs are primarily related to meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities, capital commitments, ongoing operations, contractual and other obligations. The Corporation monitors and manages liquidity risk by preparing rolling cash flow forecasts, monitoring the condition and value of assets available to be used as well as those assets being used as security in financing arrangements, seeking flexibility in financing arrangements, and establishing programs to monitor and maintain compliance with terms of financing agreements. At March 31, 2020, unrestricted liquidity was \$6,523 million comprised of cash and cash equivalents, Short-term investments, and Long-term investments.

In addition to monitoring unrestricted liquidity, the Corporation also tracks excess cash. The Corporation defines excess cash as total cash and investments in excess of the minimum cash required to support operations. This measure of liquidity includes cash, cash equivalents, short-term investments, short-term restricted cash and long-term investments. The Corporation uses 20% of trailing 12 months operating revenue as its estimate of the minimum cash required to support ongoing business operations. This estimate of minimum cash provides adequate coverage for advance ticket sales and to meet Air Canada's liquidity needs. Excess cash amounted to \$2,942 million as at March 31, 2020.

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, Air Canada has taken the following actions to support its liquidity position:

- Significantly reduced capacity for the second quarter of 2020 when compared to the second quarter of 2019. The airline continues to proactively adjust capacity as required.
- Drew down its US\$600 million and \$200 million revolving credit facilities in March 2020, for aggregate net proceeds of \$1,027 million.
- In April 2020, Air Canada concluded a financing for a 364-day term loan in the amount of US\$600 million secured by 35 aircraft and five spare engines, for net proceeds of \$829 million.
- Put in place financing commitments for 18 Airbus A220 aircraft.
- In addition to the projected cost savings associated with capacity reductions, including workplace reductions and other programs, Air Canada has initiated a company-wide cost reduction and capital deferral and reduction program.
- Suspended purchases under its share repurchase program in early March 2020.



Fuel Price Risk Management

There was no fuel hedging activity during the first quarters of 2020 or 2019. There were no outstanding fuel derivatives as at March 31, 2020 or at December 31, 2019.

Foreign Exchange Risk Management

Based on the notional amount of currency derivatives outstanding at March 31, 2020, as further described below, approximately 80% of net U.S. cash outflows are hedged for the remainder of 2020 and 60% for 2021, resulting in derivative coverage of 69% over the next 18 months. Operational U.S. dollar cash and investment reserves combined with derivative coverage results in 71% coverage over the next 18 months.

As at March 31, 2020, the Corporation had outstanding foreign currency options and swap agreements, settling in 2020 and 2021, to purchase at maturity \$4,754 million (US\$3,381 million) of U.S. dollars at a weighted average rate of \$1.3152 per US\$1.00 (as at December 31, 2019 − \$6,599 million (US\$5,080 million) with settlements in 2020 and 2021 at a weighted average rate of \$1.2775 per \$1.00 U.S. dollar). The Corporation also has protection in place to sell a portion of its excess Euros, Sterling, YEN, YUAN, and AUD (EUR €404 million, GBP £118 million, JPY ¥42,751 million, CNH ¥385 million, and AUD \$155 million) which settle in 2020 and 2021 at weighted average rates of €1.1433, £1.3004, ¥0.0096, ¥0.1454, and \$0.7017 per \$1.00 U.S. dollar respectively (as at December 31, 2019 - EUR €335 million, GBP £202 million, JPY ¥46,655 million, CNH ¥286 million and AUD \$209 million with settlement in 2020 and 2021 at weighted average rates of €1.1577, £1.3238, ¥0.0096, ¥0.1469, and \$0.7092 respectively per \$1.00 U.S. dollar).

The hedging structures put in place have various option pricing features, such as knock-out terms and profit cap limitations, and based on the assumed volatility used in the fair value calculation, the net fair value of these foreign currency contracts as at March 31, 2020 was \$147 million in favour of the counterparties (as at December 31, 2019 – \$114 million in favour of the counterparties). These derivative instruments have not been designated as hedges for accounting purposes and are recorded at fair value. During the first quarter of 2020, Foreign exchange gain (loss) related to these derivatives was nil (\$77 million gain in the first quarter of 2019). In the first quarter of 2020, foreign exchange derivative contracts cash settled with a net fair value of \$33 million in favour of the Corporation (\$37 million in the first quarter of 2019 in favour of the Corporation).

The Corporation also holds U.S. cash reserves as an economic hedge against changes in the value of the U.S. dollar. U.S. dollar cash and short-term investment balances as at March 31, 2020 amounted to \$1,399 million (US\$998 million) (\$1,123 million (US\$862 million) as at December 31, 2019). During the three months ended March 31, 2020, a gain of \$91 million (three months ended March 31, 2019 – loss of \$15 million) was recorded in Foreign exchange gain (loss) reflecting the change in Canadian equivalent market value of the U.S. dollar cash, short-term and long-term investment balances held.



Financial Instrument Fair Values in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated statement of financial position for short term financial assets and liabilities, which includes Accounts receivable and Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, approximate fair values due to the immediate or short-term maturities of these financial instruments.

The carrying amounts of derivatives are equal to their fair value, which is based on the amount at which they could be settled based on estimated market rates at March 31, 2020.

Management estimated the fair value of its long-term debt based on valuation techniques including discounted cash flows, taking into account market information and traded values where available, market rates of interest, the condition of any related collateral, the current conditions in credit markets and the current estimated credit margins applicable to the Corporation based on recent transactions. Based on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy), the estimated fair value of debt is \$6,833 million compared to its carrying value of \$6,993 million.

The following is a classification of fair value measurements recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. There are no changes in classifications or methods of measuring fair value from those disclosed in Note 18 to the 2019 annual consolidated financial statements. There were no transfers within the fair value hierarchy during the three months ended March 31, 2020.

			Fair value measurements at reporting date using:									
(Canadian dollars in millions)	March 31, 2020		Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)		Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)		uno	gnificant bservable inputs Level 3)				
Financial Assets												
Held-for-trading securities												
Cash equivalents	\$	293	\$	-	\$	293	\$	-				
Short-term investments		3,540		-		3,540		-				
Long-term investments		395		-		395		-				
Equity investment in Chorus		46		46		-		-				
Derivative instruments												
Share forward contracts		14		-		14		-				
Foreign exchange derivatives		22		-		22		-				
Total	\$	4,310	\$	46	\$	4,264	\$	-				
Financial Liabilities												
Derivative instruments												
Foreign exchange derivatives		169		-		169		-				
Total	\$	169	\$	-	\$	169	\$	-				

Financial assets held by financial institutions in the form of cash and restricted cash have been excluded from the fair value measurement classification table above as they are not valued using a valuation technique.



11. GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

A reconciliation of the total amounts reported by geographic region for Passenger revenues and Cargo revenues on the consolidated statement of operations is as follows:

Passenger Revenues		Three months ended March 31						
(Canadian dollars in millions)		2020	2019					
Canada	\$	944	\$	1,097				
U.S. Transborder		755		942				
Atlantic		659		762				
Pacific		392		534				
Other		443		462				
	\$	3,193	\$	3,797				

Cargo Revenues		Three months ended March 31					
(Canadian dollars in millions)		2020	2019				
Canada	\$	19	\$	26			
U.S. Transborder		9		12			
Atlantic		69		68			
Pacific		38		56			
Other		14		15			
	\$	149	\$	177			

Passenger and cargo revenues are based on the actual flown revenue for flights with an origin and destination in a specific country or region. Atlantic refers to flights that cross the Atlantic Ocean with origins and destinations principally in Europe, India, the Middle East and North Africa. Pacific refers to flights that cross the Pacific Ocean with origins and destinations principally in Asia and Australia. Other passenger and cargo revenues refer to flights with origins and destinations principally in Central and South America and the Caribbean and Mexico.



12. ACQUISITION OF AEROPLAN

On January 10, 2019, Air Canada completed its purchase of Aimia Canada Inc. (now Aeroplan Inc.). The aggregate purchase price for the acquisition consisted of \$450 million in cash plus \$67 million in cash for closing adjustments (total purchase consideration of \$517 million). The acquisition also included the assumption of the Aeroplan Miles liability.

Concurrently with the conclusion of the Aeroplan purchase, Air Canada, Aeroplan, The Toronto-Dominion Bank ("TD Bank"), Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce ("CIBC"), and Visa Canada Corporation ("Visa") finalized various commercial agreements relating to and in support of the acquisition, including credit card loyalty program and network agreements for future participation in the Aeroplan program. Similarly, in the first quarter of 2019, Air Canada, Aeroplan, and AMEX Bank of Canada ("AMEX") concluded agreements enabling AMEX's continued participation in the Aeroplan program. Air Canada received payments from TD Bank, CIBC, Visa, and AMEX in the aggregate amount of \$1,212 million. This consideration has been accounted for as deferred revenue and will be amortized into passenger revenue over the terms of the related agreements.

In addition, TD Bank and CIBC made payments to the Corporation in the aggregate amount of \$400 million as prepayments to be applied towards future monthly payments in respect of Aeroplan Miles. This consideration is accounted for as a contract liability within Aeroplan and other deferred revenue.

13. EQUITY INVESTMENT IN CHORUS

In February 2019, Air Canada concluded an agreement to amend and extend its capacity purchase agreement with Jazz, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Chorus Aviation Inc., by ten years from January 1, 2026 to December 31, 2035.

Concurrently, Air Canada subscribed for 15,561,600 class B voting shares in the capital of Chorus, representing, at time of issuance, approximately 9.99% of the total issued and outstanding voting shares of Chorus. This represented an investment of \$97 million by Air Canada.